

ENZYMES

BY

SORACHIM

β -Galactosidase from Escherichia coli

GAH-201

SPECIFICATIONS

Name	β -D-galactoside galactohydrolase
EC	3.2.1.23
Appearance	White amorphous powder, lyophilized
Activity	Grade II, 500 U/mg-solid or more
Contaminants	α -galactosidase $\leq 1 \times 10^{-4}$ %, α -glucosidase $\leq 1 \times 10^{-4}$ % β -glucosidase $\leq 2 \times 10^{-3}$ %, β -mannosidase $\leq 1 \times 10^{-4}$ % α -mannosidase $\leq 1 \times 10^{-4}$ % proteinase ≤ 10 mAbs/mg-P
Stabilizer	Mg ²⁺
Stability	Stable at - 20°C for at least 12 months
Molecular weight	540,000
Isoelectric point	4.61
Michaelis constants	3.0×10^{-4} M (o-Nitrophenyl- β -D-galactoside), 6.7×10^{-5} M (p-Nitrophenyl- β -D-galactoside), 2.3×10^{-4} M (Phenyl- β -D-galactoside), 2.5×10^{-3} M (Lactose)
Inhibitors	p-Chloromercuribenzoate Iodoacetamide heavy metal ions (Zn ²⁺ Fe ³⁺ Cd ²⁺ Cu ²⁺ Pb ²⁺ Ag ⁺ Hg ²⁺), Ionic detergents (SDS, DAC, etc.)
Optimum pH	7.0 - 7.5
Optimum temperature	50 - 55°C
pH Stability	pH 6.5 - 8.5 (25°C, 20hr)
Thermal stability	below 50°C (pH 7.3, 15min)
Substrate specificity	The enzyme specifically hydrolyzes β -D-galactosyl linkage

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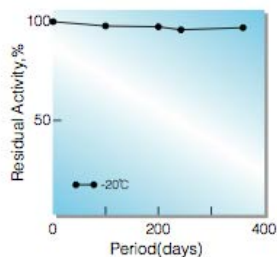


Fig.1. Stability (Powder form)
(kept under dry conditions)

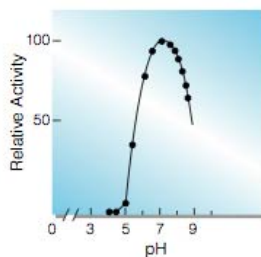


Fig.2. pH-Activity
(37°C, 15 min-reaction in Britton-Robinson buffer)

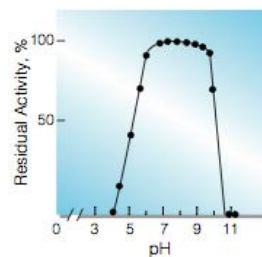


Fig.4. pH-Stability
(25°C, 20hr-treatment with Britton-Robinson buffer)

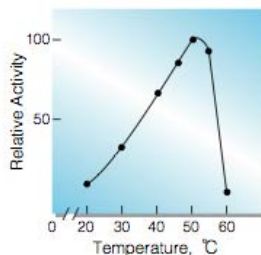


Fig.3. Temperature activity
(15min-reaction in 0.1M phosphate buffer, pH7.3)

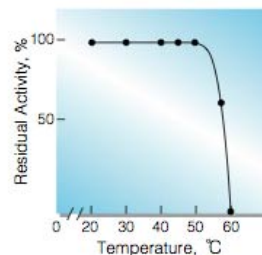


Fig.5. Thermal stability
(15min-treatment with 50mM phosphate buffer, pH7.3 contg. 1.0mM MgCl₂, enzyme concn. 80U/ml)